

## United States Patent and Trademark Office



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450 www.uspto.gov

APPLICATION NO.	FII	LING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/600,655	10/600,655 06/23/2003		Young-Chol Lee	1293.1667 6144		
21171	7590	05/05/2004		EXAMINER		
STAAS & I	HALSEY	LLP	KALIVODA, CHRISTOPHER M			
SUITE 700 1201 NEW Y	YORK AV	ENUE, N.W.		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
WASHINGT	TON, DC	20005	2881			
				DATE MAILED: 05/05/2004	DATE MAILED: 05/05/2004	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)					
Office Antion Commons	10/600,655	LEE, YOUNG-CHOL					
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit					
	Christopher M. Kalivoda	2881					
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address					
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period we Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	16(a). In no event, however, may a reply be time within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days ill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from a cause the application to become ABANDONET	ely filed swill be considered timely. the mailing date of this communication. 0 (35 U.S.C. § 133).					
Status							
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on	<b>_</b> ·						
2a) ☐ This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b) ☑ This	action is non-final.						
•	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the ments is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
Disposition of Claims							
4) ☐ Claim(s) 1-44 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw 5) ☐ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ☐ Claim(s) 1-44 is/are rejected. 7) ☐ Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) ☐ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or							
Application Papers	·						
<ul> <li>9) The specification is objected to by the Examine 10) The drawing(s) filed on 23 June 2003 is/are: a) Applicant may not request that any objection to the or Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examine 10 </li> </ul>	☑ accepted or b)☐ objected to drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See on is required if the drawing(s) is obj	ected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).					
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119							
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign     a) All b) Some * c) None of:     1. Certified copies of the priority documents     2. Certified copies of the priority documents     3. Copies of the certified copies of the priori application from the International Bureau * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the priorical section.	s have been received. s have been received in Application ity documents have been received (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	on No d in this National Stage					
Attachment(s)							
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) Interview Summary						
<ol> <li>Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)</li> <li>Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08)         Paper No(s)/Mail Date 06/23/03.     </li> </ol>	Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5)	te atent Application (PTO-152)					

## **DETAILED ACTION**

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 1. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
  - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 2. Claims 1- 44 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Tadic-Galeb et al., U.S. Patent 6,172,816, in view of Spaulding et al., U.S. Patent 5,101,458. Regarding independent claims 1, 15 and 42 as claimed, Tadic-Galeb et al. teach an illumination optical system comprising a light source which emits light (col 11, lines 23-26 and Fig 8, ref sign 80B) and a light separation integration device (col 6, lines 38-40 and Fig 8, ref sign 40). In addition, there is a system that modulates the light (col 6, lines 62-66 and Fig 8, ref sign 38) and a projection optical system (Fig 8).

However, the reference is silent with respect to a diffraction device that is provided on at least one incident side of the light separation/integration device wherein the diffraction device diffracts light to adjust an incident angle thereof to a predetermined range.

Art Unit: 2881

Spaulding et al. teach the use of a diffraction device which is provided on at least one incident side of a light separation/integration device (Fig 1) wherein the diffraction device diffracts light to adjust an incident angle thereof to a predetermined range.

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify the light separation/integration device of Tadic-Galeb et al. using the diffractive device as taught by Spaulding et al. and applying it to the light separation/integration device.

The motivation for such an improvement would be to correct any unwanted dispersion of the prism and reduce the size of the optical package (col 4, lines 3-10).

3. Regarding dependent claims 2, 5 – 14, 16, 18-32, 40, 41 and 44, Tadic-Galeb et al. teach the light separation/integration device is an x-cube (col 6, lines 52-55). There is also a light guide between the light source and light separation/integration device (Fig 8, ref sign 82) that is a fiber (col 13, lines 41-44) that conditions the light. There is also a relay lens between the light source and light separation integration device (Fig 8, ref sign 76) and between the light separation/integration device and projection optical system (Fig 8, ref sign 33). In addition, there is an optical path separation device between the light source and light separation/integration device (Fig 8, ref sign 32). While the type of optical path separation device is not a TIR prism, these devices can be substituted and digital micromirrors can be used as the panel.

Application/Control Number: 10/600,655 Page 4

Art Unit: 2881

The panels are liquid crystal (col 6, lines 62-63) and the optical path separation device is a polarization beam splitter (col 4, lines 39-45).

Furthermore, panels are used to modulate the light (Fig 1, ref sign 38A, 38B, 38C) and the system contains a collecting lens between the glass road and optical separation device (Fig 8, lenses comprising ref sign 16). The image is projected onto a screen (Fig 8, ref sign 36).

4. Regarding dependent claims 3, 4, 17, 33-39 and 43 Spaulding et al. teach the diffraction device can be a diffraction optical element or a holographic optical element (col 3, lines 28-35). The diffraction device can decrease the incident angle of light to reduce light loss since coupling is improved. The diffraction device is directly formed on the incident side or manufactured and separately attached (col 3, lines 28-35) and has power.

## Conclusion

5. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Christopher M. Kalivoda whose telephone number is (571) 272-2476. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday - Friday (8:30 - 5:00).

Application/Control Number: 10/600,655 Page 5

Art Unit: 2881

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, John R. Lee can be reached on (571) 272-2477. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

6. Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

cmk

SUPERFORM PATENT EXAMINER
THE SUPERFORM PATENT EXAMINER
THE SUPERFORM SUPERF